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Claims

- 1. Method for producing metallic flat wires or strips with a cube texture, wherein a material based on nickel, copper, gold, or silver is processed into a wire having an essentially circular cross section by means of a cold drawing method with high-grade forming over multiple drawing stages, achieving a total cross-sectional reduction $\epsilon_g \geq 75\%$ or a logarithmic deformation $\phi_g \geq 1.4$, and the wire is then further processed by means of further forming and annealing methods into a flat wire or a strip with a cube texture and having a width that can be adjusted in a defined manner, the defined width being determined and adjusted by means of the wire cross section and the degrees of forming of the further forming steps for the wire.
- 2. Method according to claim 1, wherein the cold drawing method is implemented with a total cross-sectional reduction of $\epsilon_g \geq 90\%$ or a logarithmic deformation of $\phi_g \geq 2.3$.
 - 3. Method according to claim 1, wherein the cold drawing method is implemented as slip drawing by means of drawing dies having drawing angles $2\alpha = 2^{\circ} 20^{\circ}$.
 - 4. Method according to claim 3, wherein the cold drawing is implemented using drawing angles of $2\alpha \le 12^{\circ}$.
- 5. Method according to claim 1, wherein the cold drawing method is carried out in respectively alternating drawing directions (reversibly).
 - 6. Method according to claim 1, wherein an intermediate treatment of the wire before the further forming and annealing methods is omitted.